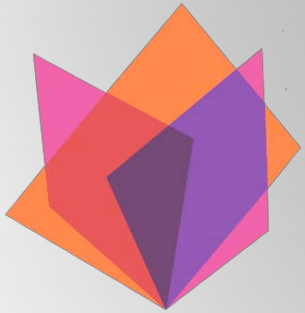


# OpenMP

SC'20 Booth Talk Series



## OMP5.1: The Dispatch Construct

Ravi Narayanaswamy, Intel

# AGENDA

- **MOTIVATION**
- **DECLARE VARIANT DIRECTIVE**
- **DISPATCH CONSTRUCT**
- **EXAMPLE**

# MOTIVATION

**Enable OpenMP interoperability with libraries  
which may or may not use OpenMP offloading.**

# DECLARE VARIANT (C/C++)

```
#pragma omp declare variant(variant-func-id) clause [[[  
clause] ... ] new-line  
[#pragma omp declare variant(variant-func-id) clause [[[  
clause] ... ] new-line  
[ ... ]]  
    function definition or declaration
```

OR

```
#pragma omp begin declare variant clause new-line  
    declaration-definition-seq  
#pragma omp end declare variant new-line
```

where clause is one of the following:

```
match(context-selector-specification)  
adjust_args(adjust-op : argument-list)  
append_args(append-op [, append-op ... ])
```

where adjust-op is one of the following:

```
nothing  
need_device_ptr
```

where append-op is one of the following:

```
interop(interop-type [, interop-type ...])
```

where variant-func-id is the name of a function variant that is either a base language identifier or, for c++, a template-id.

# DECLARE VARIANT (FORTRAN)

```
!$omp declare variant([base-proc-name:]variant-proc-name) clause [[[,] clause] ... ]  
expression-stmt
```

where *clause* is one of the following:

**match**(*context-selector-specification*)

**adjust\_args**(*adjust-op* : *argument-list*)

**append\_args**(*append-op* [, *append-op*] ... )

where *adjust-op* is one of the following:

**nothing**

**need\_device\_ptr**

where *append-op* is one of the following:

**interop**(*interop-type* [, *interop-type* ...])

where *variant-proc-name* is the name of a function variant that is a base language identifier.

# MATCH

- **Choose specific target calls to replace**
- **Ability to elide code**

eg:

- `match(context={dispatch})`  
replace call in omp dispatch region
- `match(device={arch(gen)})`  
skip the variant region if the target arch is not gen
- `match(device={kind(nohost)})`  
skip the variant region if compiling for host
- `match(device={kind(host)})`  
skip the variant region if compiling for device

# APPEND\_ARGS

## Allows to pass additional arguments to the variant function

- the interop operation constructs an argument of type `omp_interop_t` (C/C++) or `omp_interop_kind(Fortran)` from the interoperability requirement set of the encountering task.
- the argument is constructed as if an interop construct with an init clause of interop-types was specified.
- the arguments are passed in the same order in which they are specified in the `append_args` clause.
- the arguments are destroyed after the call to the selected variant returns

# ADJUST\_ARGS

**Allows to adjust the argument passed to the variant.**

- if the adjust-op modifier is *need\_device\_ptr*,
  - argument is not a device pointer then will behave as a *use\_device\_ptr is applied*
  - if argument is device pointer, it is passed without being modified.
  - if the argument cannot be converted into a device pointer then a null value will be passed
- if the adjust-op modifier is nothing,
  - the argument is passed without being modified.



# DISPATCH DIRECTIVE (C/C++)

```
#pragma omp dispatch [clause [ , clause ] ... ] new-line  
           expression-stmt
```

where *expression-stmt* is an expression statement with one of the following forms:

```
expression = target-call ( [ expression-list ] );  
target-call ( [ expression-list ] );
```

where *clause* is one of the following:

```
device(integer-expression)  
depend([depend-modifier,] dependence-type : locator-list)  
nowait  
novariants(scalar-expression)  
nocontext(scalar-expression)  
is_device_ptr(list)
```

# DISPATCH DIRECTIVE (FORTRAN)

```
#pragma omp dispatch [clause [ , clause ] ... ] new-line  
stmt
```

where *stmt* is an expression statement with one of the following forms:

```
expression = target-call ( [ arguments ] );
```

```
call target-call ( [ arguments ] );
```

where *clause* is one of the following:

```
device(scalar-integer-expression)
```

```
depend([depend-modifier,] dependence-type : locator-list)
```

```
nowait
```

```
novariants(scalar-logical-expression)
```

```
nocontext(scalar-logical-expression)
```

```
is_device_ptr(list)
```

# Dispatch clause

- If **novariants** clause is present and evaluates to true no variant substitution occurs
- If **nocontext** clause is present and evaluates to true, dispatch construct is not added to the *construct set* of OpenMP context
- **Is\_device\_ptr** indicates that its list ítems are device pointers.
- **no\_wait** clause if present will be added to *interoperability requirement set*
- If **depend** clause are present, they are added to *interoperability requirement set*

# using IFDEF

**#ifdef host**

```
static int omp_is_initial_device() { return 1; }
```

**#else**

```
static int omp_is_initial_device() { return 0; }
```

**#endif**

- Need to standardize the define macro
- Need defines to indicate different conditions like architecture, devices ...
- All call sites would call the same function, cannot selectively chose call sites

# using DECLARE VARIANT

```
#pragma omp begin declare variant match(device={kind(host)})
```

```
    static int omp_is_initial_device() { return 1; }
```

```
#pragma omp end declare variant
```

```
#pragma omp begin declare variant match(device={kind(nohost)})
```

```
    static int omp_is_initial_device() { return 0; }
```

```
#pragma omp end declare variant
```

# EXAMPLE (library header)

my\_math.h :

.....

```
void sgemm_gpu(float * a, float *b, float *c, int size, omp_interop_t *obj);
```

```
#pragma omp declare variant(sgemm_gpu) \
    match(context={dispatch},          \
           offload_device={arch(gen)}) \
    adjust_arg(need_device_ptr(a,b,c)) \
    append_params(interop(...))
```

```
void sgemm (float * a, float *b, float *c, int size );
```

.....

```
AT *, INT, FLOAT, FLOAT *, INT);
```

# EXAMPLE (user code)

```
#include my_math.h

int main() {
    int size;
    float *a, *b, *c, *d;
    allocate_init(a,b,c,d)      // initialize data
    sgemm (a, b, c, size );      // call cpu version
    #pragma omp target data map(to:a[0:sizec],b[0:sized]) map(tofrom:c[0:sizea],d[0:sizeb]) device(dev_id)
    {
        #pragma omp dispatch device(dev_id)
            sgemm (a, b, c, size );    // call gpu version
        #pragma omp dispatch device(dev_id)
            sgemm (a, b, d, size );    // call gpu versión
    }
}
```



# OpenMP

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